

odgovornosti studenata. Pišite dvostrano.

IME I PREZIME:

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1. Koristeći Laplaceovu transformaciju nađi realnu funkciju  $f$  koja zadovoljava sljedeće uvjete:

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$$f'''(t) + 4f'(t) = t, \quad f(0) = 5, f'(0) = 4, f''(0) = 3.$$

2. Da li krivuljni integral u vektorskom polju  $g = yi - xj$  ovisi o putu integracije?

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3. Izračunati volumen tijela omeđenog valjkom  $x^2 + y^2 = 5^2$ , ravninom  $z = -5$  i parabolom  $z = x^2 + y^2$ .  
Napomena: obzirom da je više takvih tijela traži se ono najmanje koje sadrži ishodište.

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4. Izračunajte površinu oplošja paraboloida  $x^2 + y^2 = 4z, z \leq 5$ .

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5. Neka je  $C$  cilindar zadan sa  $C = \{(x, y, z) : x^2 + z^2 \leq 5, 1 \leq y \leq 3\}$ . Izračunati plošni integral

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$$\iint_{\hat{C}} y^2 x \, dydz$$

Ukupno:

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voljak  
③  $x^2 + y^2 = 5^2$

ravnina  
 $z = -5$

parabola  
 $z = x^2 + y^2$   
 $z = r^2$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$

$$r = 5$$

$$r \in [0, 5]$$

$$\varphi \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$z \in [-5, r^2]$$

$$dx dy dz = r dr d\varphi dz$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_{0 \leq r \leq 5, 0 \leq \varphi \leq 2\pi, -5 \leq z \leq r^2} r \, dz dr d\varphi &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^5 r \cdot z \Big|_{-5}^{r^2} dr d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^5 r \cdot (r^2 - (-5)) dr d\varphi = \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^5 (r^3 + 5r) dr d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \left[ \frac{r^4}{4} + 5 \cdot \frac{r^2}{2} \right]_0^5 d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{1}{4} \cdot 5^4 + \frac{5}{2} \cdot 5^2 - 0 \right) d\varphi = \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{625}{4} + \frac{250}{4} \right) d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{875}{4} d\varphi = \frac{875}{4} \varphi \Big|_0^{2\pi} = \frac{875}{4} \cdot 2\pi = \\ &= \frac{875}{2} \pi \end{aligned}$$

② Krivolini integral u vektorskom polju  $g = yi - xi$   
ovisi o putu integracije. ~~Ø~~ ZAŠTO?

$$Y(s) = 12 \cdot \frac{1}{s} + \frac{-7s + 11}{s^2 - 6}$$

$$Y(s) = 12 \cdot \frac{1}{s} - 7 \cdot \frac{s}{s^2 - 2^2} + 11 \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 - 2^2}$$

$$Y(s) = 12 - 7 \cdot \cos(2t) + 11 \cdot \sin(2t)$$

$$f(0) = 12 - 7 = 5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$f'(t) = 14 \cos(2t) + 22 \sin(2t)$$

$$f'(0) = 14 \quad \times$$

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$$\textcircled{1} f'''(t) + 4f'(t) = t \quad f(0) = 5 \quad f'(0) = 4 \quad f''(0) = 3$$

$$s^3 Y(s) - s^2 f(0) - s f'(0) - f''(0) + 4 \cdot (s Y(s) - f(0)) = t$$

$$s^3 Y(s) - s^2 \cdot 5 - s \cdot 4 - 3 + 4 \cdot (s Y(s) - 5) = t$$

$$s^3 Y(s) - 5s^2 - 4s - 3 + 4s Y(s) - 20 = t$$

$$Y(s) \cdot (s^3 - 4s) = 5s^2 + 4s + 23$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{5s^2 + 4s + 23}{s^3 - 4s}$$

$$\frac{5s^2 + 4s + 23}{s^3 - 4s} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 - 4} \quad | \cdot (s^3 - 4s)$$

$$5s^2 + 4s + 23 = A \cdot (s^2 - 4) + (Bs + C) \cdot (s)$$

$$5s^2 + 4s + 23 = As^2 - 4A + Bs^2 + Cs$$

$$A + B = 5$$

$$B + C = 4$$

$$A + C = 23$$

$$\boxed{A = 12}$$

$$\boxed{B = -7}$$

$$\boxed{C = 11}$$

$$B + C = 4$$

$$-A + C = -23$$

$$B - A = -19$$

$$B + A = 5 \Rightarrow A = 5 + 7$$

$$2B = -14$$

$$\boxed{B = -7}$$

$$\boxed{A = 12}$$

$$-7 + C = 4$$

$$C = 4 + 7$$

$$\boxed{C = 11}$$