

**MATEMATIKA 3:** Ispit se održava sukladno objavljenim pravilima. Na snazi je Pravilnik o stegovnoj odgovornosti studenata.

IME I PREZIME: BRUNO LIPOTILA

BROJ INDEKSA: 54960

Grupa  
xxoxo  
POPUNJAVA  
NASTAVNIK  
Broj ↓  
bodova

1. Koristeći Laplaceovu transformaciju riješiti diferencijalnu jednadžbu:

$$2f'''(t) + 2f''(t) = 0, \quad f'(0) = 0, \quad f(0) = f''(0) = 2.$$

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2. Neka je  $K$  kocka stranice duljine  $a = 2$  centrirana u ishodištu. Izračunati  $\iint_{\partial K} (2x + 3) dx dy$ .

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3. Neka  $C$  plast cilindra koji ne uključuje baze (nije zatvoren), radijusa  $r = 1$  koji se prostire u smjeru  $z$ -osi, visine  $v = 2$  s centrom u ishodištu ( $z \in [-1, 1]$ ). Izračunati  $\iint_{\partial K} 2x + 3 dy dz$ .

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4. Zadana je krivulja  $C$  s parametrizacijom  $t \in [0, 4\pi]$ :  $x = \cos(t) + 1$ ,  $y = \frac{t}{2}$  i  $z = \sin t$ . Zadano je skalarno polje:  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ . Izračunati  $\int_C f ds$

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5. Neka je  $\hat{\Gamma}$  dio pozitivno usmjerene (suprotno kazaljki na satu) elipse  $\frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{y^2}{15} = 1$  u prvom kvadrantu. Izračunati

$$\int_{\hat{\Gamma}} \frac{xdx + ydy}{\sqrt{3 + x^2 + y^2}} =$$

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Tablica integrala

Ukupno:

$\int dx = x + C$	$\int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x} = \tan x + C$	$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 + x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \arctan \frac{x}{a} + C$
$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}, n \neq -1$	$\int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} = -\cot x + C$	$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - x^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left  \frac{a+x}{a-x} \right  + C$
$\int \frac{dx}{x} = \ln  x  + C$	$\int \sinh x dx = \cosh x + C$	$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - a^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left  \frac{x-a}{x+a} \right  + C$
$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + C$	$\int \cosh x dx = \sinh x + C$	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2}} = \ln \left  x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \right  + C$
$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$	$\int \tanh x dx = \ln  \cosh x $	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \arcsin \frac{x}{a} + C$
$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$	$\int \coth x dx = \ln  \sinh x $	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}} = \arccos \left( 1 - \frac{x}{a} \right) + C$
$\int \tan x dx = -\ln  \cos x $	$\int \frac{dx}{\cosh^2 x} = \tanh x + C$	$\int \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[ x\sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \pm a^2 \ln \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 \pm a^2} \right) \right]$
$\int \cot x dx = \ln  \sin x $	$\int \frac{dx}{\sinh^2 x} = -\coth x + C$	$\int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[ x\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a^2 \arcsin \left( \frac{x}{a} \right) \right] + C$

①  $2f'''(t) + 2f''(t) = 0$   $f'(0) = 0$

$f(0) = f''(0) = 2$

$2 \left( \int_0^3 f(s) ds - \int_0^2 f(0) ds - s f'(0) - f''(0) \right) + 2 \left( \int_0^2 f(s) ds - \int_0^1 f(0) ds - f'(0) \right) = 0$

$$2(s^3 F(s) - s^2 \cdot 2 - 2) + 2(s^2 F(s) - 2)$$

$$2s^3 F(s) - 2s^2 - 2 + 2s^2 F(s) - 2s$$

VUČE GREŠKU  
PACJE...

$$2s^3 F(s) + 2s^2 F(s) = 2s^2 + 2 + 2s$$

$$F(s)(2s^3 + 2s^2) = 2s^2 + 2 + 2s$$

$$F(s) \cdot s^2(2s+2) = 2s^2 + 2 + 2s \quad / \quad s^2(2s+2)$$

$$\frac{2s^2 + 2 + 2s}{s^2(2s+2)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{Cs+D}{2s+2}$$

$$A(s)(2s+2) + B(2s+2) + (Cs+D)(s^2)$$

$$2As^2 + 2A + 2Bs + 2B + Cs^2 + Ds^2$$

$$2 = A + C + D$$

$$B = 2 - 2 = 0$$

$$2 = 2B \quad B = 0$$

$$2 = 2A + 2B$$

$$2 = 1 + C + D$$

$$2 =$$

$$2 = 2A + 0$$

$$2A = 2 - 2$$

$$2A = -2$$

$$A = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

$$D = -2$$

$$C = 1$$

Tablica Laplaceovih transformacija:

$f(t)$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}[f](s)$	$f(t)$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}[f](s)$
1	$\frac{1}{s}$	$\sinh(at)$	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}$
$c$	$\frac{c}{s}$	$\cosh(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}$
$t$	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	$e^{-at} f(t)$	$F(s + a)$
$t^n$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	$f(at)$	$\frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi t}}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}$	$t^n f(t)$	$(-1)^n F^{(n)}(s)$
$e^{-at}$	$\frac{1}{s+a}$	$\frac{f(t)}{t}$	$\int_s^\infty F(q) dq$
$t e^{-at}$	$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$	$\int_0^t f(\tau) d\tau$	$\frac{F(s)}{s}$
$(1 - at) e^{-at}$	$\frac{s}{(s+a)^2}$	$f'(t)$	$sF(s) - f(0)$
$\sin(at)$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$	$f''(t)$	$s^2 F(s) - sf(0) - f'(0)$
$\cos(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$	$f'''(t)$	$s^3 F(s) - s^2 f(0) - sf'(0) - f''(0)$

MASJAHUVA (7) ZADATKA

$$f(s) = \frac{1}{s} + s^2 + \frac{s-2}{2s+2}$$

$$f(t) = 1 + t + \cos(2t)$$