

Primjer. Nadi opće rješenje jednadžbe  $(x-y)ydx - x^2dy = 0$ .  $\cdot \frac{1}{dx}$

Zapamti:  $y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$ .

$$\underbrace{(x-y)y - x^2y'}_0 = 0$$

$\uparrow$     $\uparrow$     $\uparrow$   
 $y$     $y$     $y'$

Ključ rješavanja je prepoznati tip!

SEPARIRANA

LINEARNA

PROSTORNA

$$-x^2y' = -(x-y)y$$

$$y' = \frac{x-y}{x^2} \cdot y$$

$$y' - \frac{(x-y)}{x^2}y = 0$$

$$y' = \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{y}{x^2} \right) \cdot y = \frac{y}{x} - \frac{y^2}{x^2}$$

$\frac{y}{x} = u$

$$y = u \cdot x$$

$$y' = u' \cdot x + u$$

$$u' \cdot x + u = u - u^2$$

$$\int x^a = \frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1}$$

$$\int u^{-2} = \frac{u^{-1}}{-1}$$

SEPARIRANA od):  $\int \frac{du}{u^2} = \int \frac{-dx}{x} = -\ln|x| + C$

$$\frac{-1}{u(x)} = -\ln|x| + C \Rightarrow u(x) = \frac{-1}{C - \ln|x|}$$

$$y(x) = \frac{-x}{C - \ln|x|}$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{-(C - \ln|x|) + x(0 - \frac{1}{x})}{(C - \ln|x|)^2} = \frac{-(C - \ln|x|) - 1}{(C - \ln|x|)^2}$$

$$\left( x - \frac{-x}{C - \ln|x|} \right) \frac{-x}{C - \ln|x|} - x^2 \frac{-C + \ln|x| - 1}{(C - \ln|x|)^2} = \frac{-x^2}{C - \ln|x|} - \frac{x^2}{(C - \ln|x|)^2} + \frac{Cx^2 - x^2 \ln|x| + x^2}{(C - \ln|x|)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-x^2(C - \ln|x|) - x^2 \ln|x| + Cx^2}{(C - \ln|x|)^2} = 0$$

Uvijek je dobro provjeriti rješenje!